AP Computer Science A

Sample Student Responses and Scoring Commentary

Inside:

Free Response Question 2

AP® COMPUTER SCIENCE A 2019 SCORING GUIDELINES

Apply the question assessment rubric first, which always takes precedence. Penalty points can only be deducted in a part of the question that has earned credit via the question rubric. No part of a question (a, b, c) may have a negative point total. A given penalty can be assessed only once for a question, even if it occurs multiple times or in multiple parts of that question. A maximum of 3 penalty points may be assessed per question.

1-Point Penalty

- v) Array/collection access confusion ([] get)
- w) Extraneous code that causes side-effect (e.g., printing to output, incorrect precondition check)
- x) Local variables used but none declared
- y) Destruction of persistent data (e.g., changing value referenced by parameter)
- z) Void method or constructor that returns a value

No Penalty

- Extraneous code with no side-effect (e.g., valid precondition check, no-op)
- Spelling/case discrepancies where there is no ambiguity*
- Local variable not declared provided other variables are declared in some part
- o private or public qualifier on a local variable
- o Missing public qualifier on class or constructor header
- Keyword used as an identifier
- Common mathematical symbols used for operators ($\times \cdot \div \leq \geq <> \neq$)
- o [] vs. () vs. <>
- = instead of == and vice versa
- o length/size confusion for array, String, List, or ArrayList; with or without ()
- Extraneous [] when referencing entire array
- o [i, j] instead of [i][j]
- o Extraneous size in array declaration, e.g., int[size] nums = new int[size];
- o Missing; where structure clearly conveys intent
- Missing { } where indentation clearly conveys intent
- Missing () on parameter-less method or constructor invocations
- Missing () around if or while conditions

*Spelling and case discrepancies for identifiers fall under the "No Penalty" category only if the correction can be **unambiguously** inferred from context, for example, "ArayList" instead of "ArrayList". As a counterexample, note that if the code declares "int G=99, g=0;", then uses "while (G < 10)" instead of "while (g < 10)", the context does **not** allow for the reader to assume the use of the lower-case variable.

AP® COMPUTER SCIENCE A 2019 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 2: Step Tracker

| Class: | Ste | cepTracker 9 pe | oints | |
|-----------|---|--|-------|--|
| Intent: D | efine ii | implementation of a class to record fitness data | | |
| +1 | Declares all appropriate private instance variables | | | |
| +2 | Con | onstructor | | |
| | +1 | Declares header: public StepTracker(int) | | |
| | +1 | Uses parameter and appropriate values to initialize instance variables | | |
| +3 | addDailySteps method | | | |
| | +1 | Declares header: public void addDailySteps(int) | | |
| | +1 | Identifies active days and increments count | | |
| | +1 | Updates other instance variables appropriately | | |
| +1 | activeDays method | | | |
| | +1 | Declares and implements public int activeDays() | | |
| +2 | averageSteps method | | | |
| | +1 | Declares header: public double averageSteps() | | |
| | +1 | Returns calculated double average number of steps | | |

AP® COMPUTER SCIENCE A 2019 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 2: Scoring Notes

| Class 3 | StepTracker | 9 points | | | | |
|---------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Points | Rubric Criteria | Responses earn the point even if they | Responses will not earn the point if they | | | |
| +1 | Declares all appropriate private instance variables | | omit keyword privatedeclare variables outside the class | | | |
| +2 | Constructor | | | | | |
| +1 | Declares header: public StepTracker(int) | omit keyword public | • declare method private | | | |
| +1 | Uses parameter and appropriate values to initialize instance variables | initialize primitive instance variables to default values when declared | fail to use the parameter to initialize some instance variable fail to declare instance variables initialize local variables instead of instance variables assign variables to parameters | | | |
| +3 | addDailySteps method | | | | | |
| +1 | Declares header: public void addDailySteps(int) | omit keyword public | declare method private | | | |
| +1 | Identifies active days and increments count | put valid comparison erroneously in some other method | fail to use the parameter as part of the comparison fail to increment a count of active days fail to increment an instance variable compare parameter to some numeric constant | | | |
| +1 | Updates other instance variables appropriately | | update another instance variable only on active days update another instance variable inappropriately fail to update appropriate instance variable update a local variable | | | |
| +1 | activeDays method | | | | | |
| +1 | Declares and implements public int activeDays() | return appropriate count of active days where the instance variables were updated improperly in addDailySteps or activeDays | declare method private return value that is not the number of active days fail to return a value | | | |

AP® COMPUTER SCIENCE A 2019 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 2: Scoring Notes (continued)

| Points | Rubric Criteria | Responses earn the point even if they | Responses will not earn the point if they | | | |
|--------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| +2 | averageSteps method | | | | | |
| +1 | Declares header: public double averageSteps() | omit keyword public | declare method private | | | |
| +1 | Returns calculated double average number of steps | maintain instance variables improperly but calculate appropriate average fail to handle the special case where no days are tracked | use integer division calculate something other than steps divided by days fail to return | | | |

AP® COMPUTER SCIENCE A 2019 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 2: Step Tracker

```
public class StepTracker
   private int minSteps;
   private int totalSteps;
  private int numDays;
   private int numActiveDays;
   public StepTracker(int threshold)
      minSteps = threshold;
      totalSteps = 0;
      numDays = 0;
      numActiveDays = 0;
   }
   public void addDailySteps(int steps)
      totalSteps += steps;
      numDays++;
      if (steps >= minSteps)
         numActiveDays++;
   }
   public int activeDays()
      return numActiveDays;
   public double averageSteps()
      if (numDays == 0)
         return 0.0;
      else
         return (double) totalSteps / numDays;
}
```

These canonical solutions serve an expository role, depicting general approaches to solution. Each reflects only one instance from the infinite set of valid solutions. The solutions are presented in a coding style chosen to enhance readability and facilitate understanding.

write the complete StepTracker class, including the constructor and any required instance variables and methods. Your implementation must meet all specifications and conform to the example.

```
Elmss Step Trucker
     public Step Trucker (int step Ganl)

this. step Ganl = step Ganl: Loth Steps = 0; Lot 10 wys = 0. dotal to the Days = 0
     public void add Daily Steps (int steps)

{

total Steps = total Steps + Steps;

if (steps > = step 6 and) & total Active Days ++; }
   public int active Days ()

E return total detive Days;

3
    public double average Steps ()

Freturn (Hold Steps / Hold Days;

Teturn (Hold Steps / Hold Days;
3
```

Unauthorized copying or reuse of any part of this page is illegal.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

Write the complete StepTracker class, including the constructor and any required instance variables and methods. Your implementation must meet all specifications and conform to the example.

```
public class Step Tracker &
  int num = 0; int steps = 0; int days =0;
   public Step Tracker (int active Steps Num) &
    num = active Steps Num;
    public void add Daily Steps (int num Of Steps) &
      4 (num of steps z num) {
        steps = steps + num Of Steps;
         days ++;
     public int active Days () }
       return days;
     public double average Steps () {
        double result = (double) (steps/days);
        return result;
```

Unauthorized copying or reuse of any part of this page is illegal.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

Write the complete StepTracker class, including the constructor and any required instance variables and methods. Your implementation must meet all specifications and conform to the example.

```
public class StepTrocker
Éint Static Active Day;
int Static Odays;
int Static Dsteps;
public Tracker (intsteps)
        Dsteps + = steps;
      public void add Daily Steps (int Daily steps)
          if (Daily Steps >= 10000)

{
ActiveDays++
      Public int active Days!

Feturn Active Days!

E

Public int Average Steps

Feturn Osteps / Odays;
```

Unauthorized copying or reuse of any part of this page is illegal.

AP® COMPUTER SCIENCE A 2019 SCORING COMMENTARY

Question 2

Overview

This question tested the student's ability to:

- Write program code to define a new type by creating a class; and
- Write program code to satisfy methods using expressions, conditional statements, and iterative statements.

Students were asked to design the class <code>StepTracker</code>, which implements a fitness tracking system. Students were expected to demonstrate an understanding of class constructor and method header syntax. Additionally, students were expected to determine the data types and number of instance variables needed to track the information shown in the example. Students were then expected to correctly declare, initialize, access, and update the instance variables. Students were expected to properly protect their data members by declaring them as <code>private</code> and to properly define the methods <code>addDailySteps</code>, <code>activeDays</code>, and <code>averageSteps</code>. Students also had to recognize the need for floating-point division when using integers to calculate the average in <code>averageSteps</code>.

Sample: 2A Score: 8

The response did not earn point 1 because the four instance variables are not declared <code>private</code>. The correct constructor header, with an integer parameter, earned point 2. Point 3 was earned by using the parameter and appropriate default values to initialize instance variables. The header for <code>addDailySteps</code> is declared appropriately, and point 4 was earned. The parameter of <code>addDailySteps</code> is compared to the threshold, and the count is incremented correctly, which earned point 5. Point 6 was earned because the total number of days and steps are updated appropriately. The <code>activeDays</code> method has the appropriate header and returns the correct count of active days, so it earned point 7. As the header for <code>averageSteps</code> is declared appropriately, point 8 was earned. The response earned point 9 because the average number of steps is correctly calculated and returned.

Sample: 2B Score: 6

The response did not declare four private instance variables, so it did not earn point 1. The correct constructor header, with an integer parameter, earned point 2. Point 3 was earned by using the parameter to initialize the instance variable. As the header for addDailySteps is declared appropriately, point 4 was earned. The parameter of addDailySteps is compared to the threshold, and the count is incremented correctly, so point 5 was earned. The response did not earn point 6 because it is missing the increment of the total number of days. In addition, the total number of steps is only incremented in the case of an active day. The activeDays method has the appropriate header and returns the correct count of active days, so it earned point 7. As the header for averageSteps is declared appropriately, point 8 was earned. The response did not earn point 9 because integer division is performed in the calculation of the average number of steps before casting. In addition, the calculation uses active days instead of total number of days.

AP® COMPUTER SCIENCE A 2019 SCORING COMMENTARY

Question 2 (continued)

Sample: 2C Score: 3

The response did not earn point 1 because the instance variables are not declared <code>private</code>. Point 2 was not earned because the constructor name is incorrect. Point 3 was earned by using the parameter of the constructor to initialize the instance variable. As the header for <code>addDailySteps</code> is declared appropriately, point 4 was earned. The response did not earn point 5 because it compares the parameter to a numeric constant. The response omits the update of appropriate instance variables and did not earn point 6. The <code>activeDays</code> method has the correct header and returns the appropriate count of active days, so it earned point 7. The response declares the header of <code>averageSteps</code> with an <code>int</code> return type, so it did not earn point 8. Point 9 was not earned because the response omits casting, causing integer division.