

2024



AP[®] Latin

Free-Response Questions

LATIN

SECTION II

Total Time—2 hours

Reading period—15 minutes

Writing period—1 hour and 45 minutes

You may begin writing your responses before the reading period is over.

Directions: This portion of the exam consists of five free-response questions. Be sure that you answer all five of the questions. It is your responsibility to convince the reader that you are drawing conclusions or support from the Latin text and not from a general recall of the passage. You may plan your answers in this orange booklet, but no credit will be given for anything written in this booklet. **You will only earn credit for what you write in the separate Free Response booklet.**

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Question 1

(Suggested time — 15 minutes)

Information written on this page will NOT be scored.**Iarbas prays to Jupiter.**

Isque amens¹ animi et rumore accensus amaro²
 dicitur ante aras media inter numina divum
 multa Iovem manibus supplex orasse³ supinis:⁴
 Line “Iuppiter omnipotens, cui nunc Maurusia⁵ pictis
 5 gens epulata⁶ toris⁷ Lenaeum⁸ libat⁹ honorem,
 aspicias¹⁰ haec?”

¹ amens, -tis, adj.: frenzied, mad, deranged² amarus, -a, -um, adj.: bitter³ orasse = “to have prayed (to)”⁴ supinus, -a, -um, adj.: upturned⁵ Maurusius, -a, -um, adj.: Mauritanian, North African⁶ epulatus, -a, -um, adj.: having dined⁷ torus, -i, m.: couch, cushion⁸ Lenaeus, -a, -um, adj.: Bacchic, of Bacchus (god of wine)⁹ libo, -are: pour out (as an offering)¹⁰ aspicio, -ere: see, notice*Aeneid 4. 203-208*

Translate the passage above as literally as possible.

Begin your response to this question at the top of a new page in the separate Free Response booklet and fill in the appropriate circle at the top of each page to indicate the question number.

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Question 2

(Suggested time — 15 minutes)

Information written on this page will NOT be scored.

Caesar’s ships are damaged.

Eadem nocte accidit ut esset luna plena, qui dies maritimos aestus¹ maximos in Oceano efficere consuevit, nostrisque id erat incognitum. Ita uno tempore et longas naves, quas Caesar in aridum subduxerat,² aestus compleverat, et onerarias,³ quae ad ancoras erant deligatae,⁴ tempestas⁵ adflictabat.⁶

¹ maritimos aestus = “tides”

² subduco, -ere, subdixi: pull up

³ oneraria, -ae, f.: transport ship

⁴ deligo, -are, -avi, -atus: tie up

⁵ tempesta, tempestatis, f.: storm

⁶ adflicto, -are: damage

Bellum Gallicum 4. 29

Translate the passage above as literally as possible.

Begin your response to this question at the top of a new page in the separate Free Response booklet and fill in the appropriate circle at the top of each page to indicate the question number.

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Question 3

(Suggested time — 45 minutes)

Information written on this page will NOT be scored.

(A)

“Aeole, namque tibi divum pater atque hominum rex
 et mulcere dedit fluctus et tollere vento,
 gens inimica mihi Tyrrhenum navigat aequor,
 Ilium in Italiam portans victosque Penates:
 5 incute vim ventis submersasque obrue puppes,
 aut age diversos et dissice corpora ponto.
 Sunt mihi bis septem praestanti corpore nymphae,
 quarum quae forma pulcherrima Deiopea,
 conubio iungam stabili propriamque dicabo,
 10 omnes ut tecum meritis pro talibus annos
 exigat, et pulchra faciat te prole parentem.”
 Aeolus haec contra: “Tuus, o regina, quid optes
 explorare labor; mihi iussa capessere fas est.
 Tu mihi quodcumque hoc regni, tu sceptrum Iovemque
 15 concilias, tu das epulis accumbere divum,
 nimborumque facis tempestatumque potentem.”

Aeneid 1. 65-80

(B)

Erant in ea legione fortissimi viri, centuriones, qui primis ordinibus appropinquant,
 Titus Pullo et Lucius Vorenus. Hi perpetuas inter se controversias habebant, quinam
 anteferretur, omnibusque annis de locis summis simultatibus contendebant.

Line Ex his Pullo, cum acerrime ad munitiones pugnaretur, “Quid dubitas,” inquit, “Vorene?
 5 Aut quem locum tuae probandae virtutis exspectas? Hic dies de nostris controversiis
 iudicabit.” Haec cum dixisset, procedit extra munitiones quaeque pars hostium
 confertissima est visa irrumpit.

Ne Vorenus quidem tum sese vallo continet, sed omnium veritus existimationem
 subsequitur . . . Transfigitur scutum Pulloni et verutum in balteo defigitur . . . Succurrit
 10 inimicus illi¹ Vorenus et laboranti subvenit.

¹ illi = Pulloni*Bellum Gallicum 5. 44*

In passage A, Juno tells Aeolus to follow a specific course of action. In passage B, Pullo challenges Vorenus to take action. In a well-developed essay, identify and explain in detail what Juno and Pullo expect from Aeolus and Vorenus **and** analyze how Aeolus and Vorenus respond.

Be sure to refer specifically to the Latin **THROUGHOUT** the passages to support your summary and analysis.

When you refer specifically to the Latin, write out the Latin and/or cite line numbers **and** translate, accurately paraphrase, or make clear in your essay that you understand the Latin.

Begin your response to this question at the top of a new page in the separate Free Response booklet and fill in the appropriate circle at the top of each page to indicate the question number.

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Question 4

(Suggested time — 15 minutes)

Information written on this page will NOT be scored.

Talia iactabam et furiata mente ferebar,
 cum mihi se, non ante oculis tam clara, videndam
 obtulit et pura per noctem in luce refulsit
 Line alma parens, confessa deam qualisque videri
 5 caelicolis et quanta solet, dextraque prehensum
 continuit roseoque haec insuper addidit ore:
 “Nate, quis indomitas tantus dolor excitat iras?
 Quid furis? Aut quonam nostri tibi cura recessit?”

Aeneid 2. 588-595

Answer the following questions **in English** unless the question specifically asks you to write out Latin words. Number your answer to each question.

1. Identify the tense of iactabam (line 1).
2. Write out **all** of the Latin in line 2 (cum . . . videndam) and mark the scansion.
3. (A) Translate in context dextra (line 5), **and** (B) identify its case.
4. (A) Identify **one and only one** characteristic of Venus in lines 2-6 (cum . . . ore) as she appears to Aeneas. (B) Provide the specific Latin word(s) that support your answer.
5. In lines 7-8 (Nate . . . recessit), Venus criticizes Aeneas' behavior. Identify **one and only one** of the accusations she makes.
6. In Book 6 of the *Aeneid*, what object does Venus help Aeneas find by sending doves?

Begin your response to this question at the top of a new page in the separate Free Response booklet and fill in the appropriate circle at the top of each page to indicate the question number.

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Question 5

(Suggested time — 15 minutes)

Information written on this page will NOT be scored.

His autem omnibus Druidibus praeest unus, qui summam inter eos habet auctoritatem. Hoc mortuo, aut si qui ex reliquis excellit dignitate succedit, aut, si sunt plures pares, suffragio Druidum, nonnumquam etiam armis de principatu
Line contendunt. Hi certo anni tempore in finibus Carnutum, quae regio totius Galliae
 5 media habetur, considunt in loco consecrato. Huc omnes undique, qui controversias habent, conveniunt eorumque decretis iudiciisque parent.

Bellum Gallicum 6. 13

Answer the following questions **in English** unless the question specifically asks you to write out Latin words. Number your answer to each question.

1. To which Latin noun in the passage does eos (line 1) refer?
2. **(A)** Translate in context Hoc mortuo (line 2), **and (B)** identify the grammatical construction of the phrase.
3. According to lines 2-4 (Hoc . . . contendunt), what is **one and only one** of the ways in which a chief Druid can come to power?
4. According to lines 4-5 (quae . . . habetur), where in Gaul do the Carnutes live?
5. According to lines 5-6 (Huc . . . parent), why do people visit the Druids?
6. What Roman general, who was also his son-in-law and fellow triumvir, did Caesar defeat in a civil war for control of Rome?

Begin your response to this question at the top of a new page in the separate Free Response booklet and fill in the appropriate circle at the top of each page to indicate the question number.

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END OF EXAM